

MODERN2020

Development of a Monitoring Concept for a HLW Repository in Germany in Close Relation to the Safety Case

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**Development and Demonstration of
monitoring strategies and technologies
for geological disposal**

*This project has received funding from the Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018 under grant agreement n° 662177
BGETEC has received co-funding from the German Federal Ministry of Economics and Energy.*



BMU
(Federal Ministry of
the Environment)

New Player:

Regulator



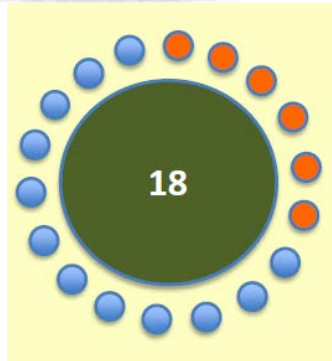
Implementer



National Monitoring Body



*Pictures taken from:
<https://www.bfe.bund.de/DE/soa/akteure-aufgaben/akteure-aufgaben.html>*



The NBG is assigned to

- Pluralistic composition to represent public participation
 - 12 recognized public personalities
 - 6 free nominated citizens (2 young persons, 16-27)
- Free to deal independently with any scientific issue in the field of radioactive waste disposal (may ask for support from scientific organizations)
- Ask questions to regulator and implementer at any time and make public statements and comments
- Can get access to all files either at implementer, regulator or any other involved institution

**Process
Monitoring**

**Repository
Monitoring**

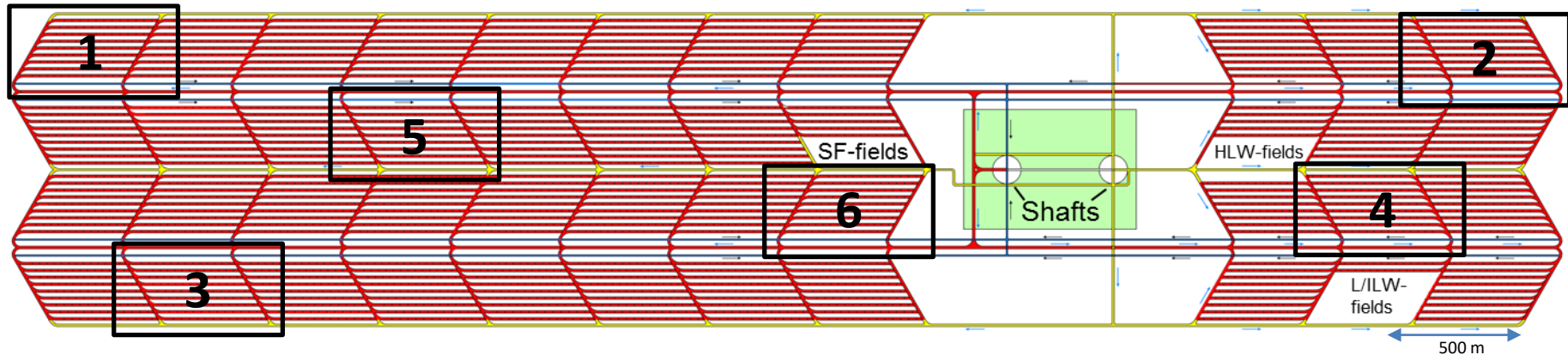
How site selection is performed
How decisions are made
How transparency is handled
How participation is handled

....

?

Picture taken from:

<https://www.bfe.bund.de/DE/soa/akteure-aufgaben/akteure-aufgaben.html>



- I. Shall be based on representativeness
- II. Shall be developed as a learning concept

Equipment installation
and monitoring in **1**



Lessons
learned



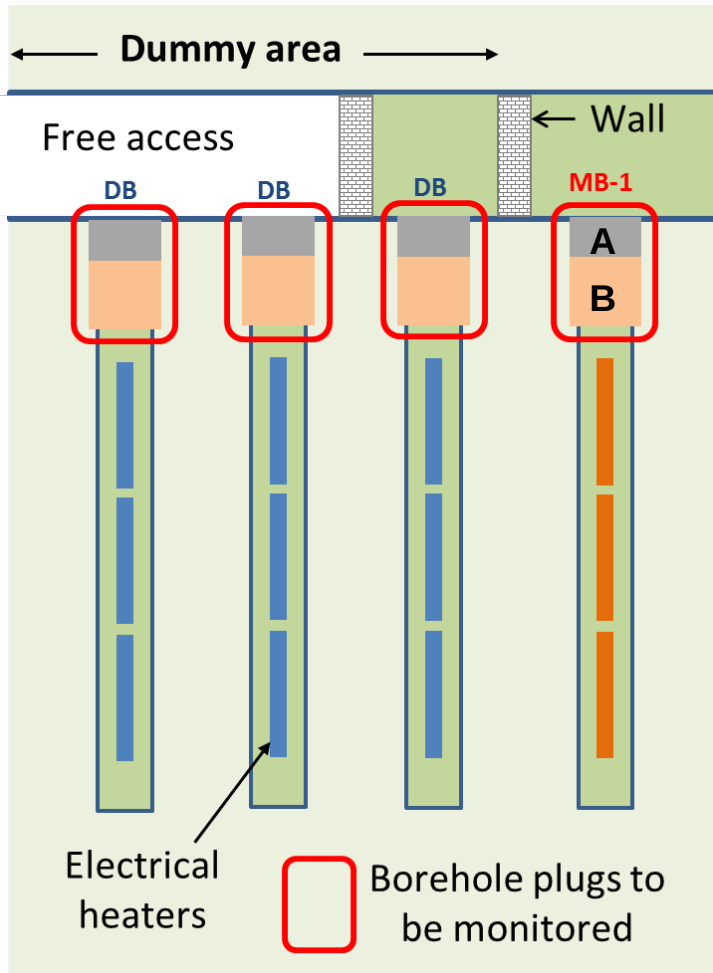
Improved concept and/or
installation and monitoring
in **3**



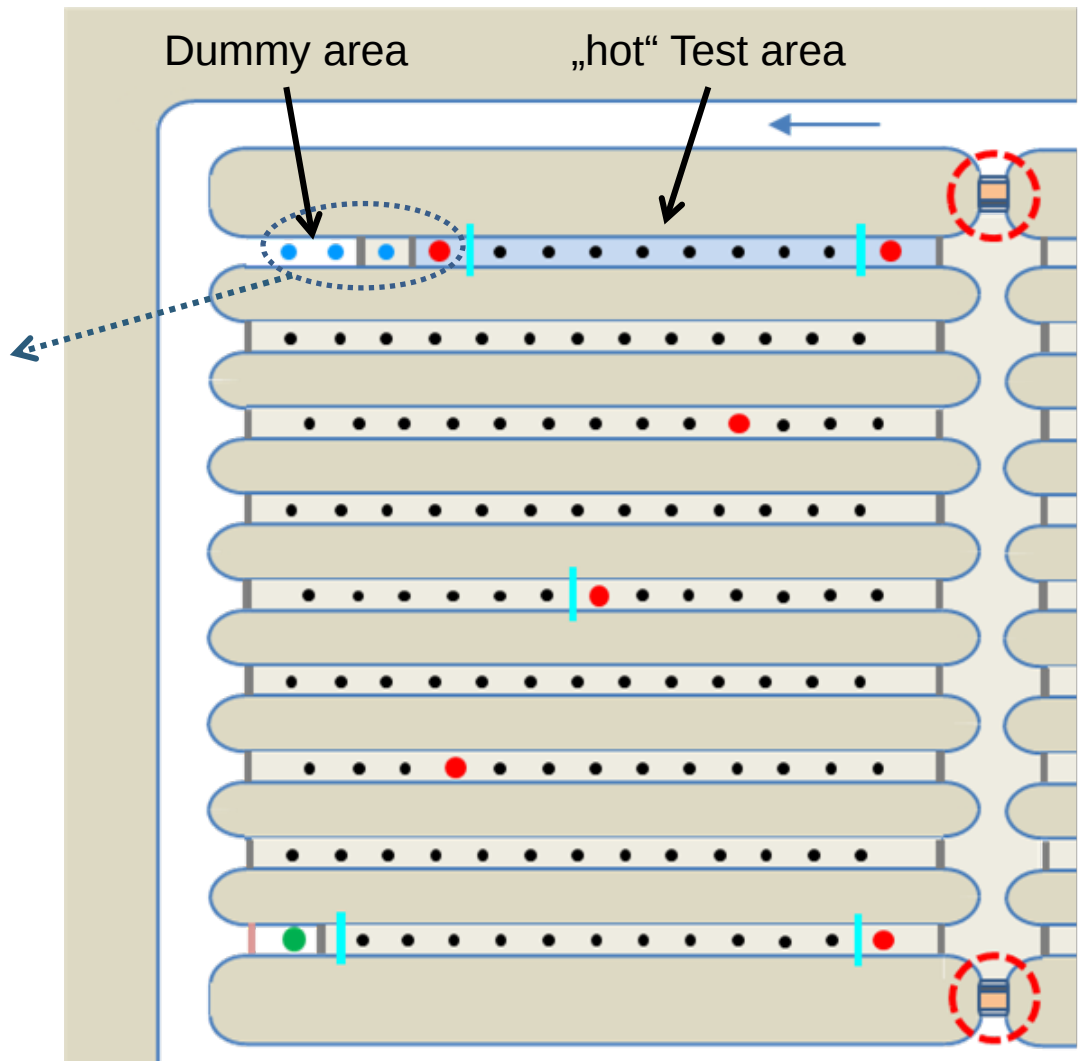
etc.

Field **1** (backfilled and sealed) will be monitored for several decades. That allows evaluation, what kind of helpful information could be obtained during post-closure monitoring.

Monitoring Field 1

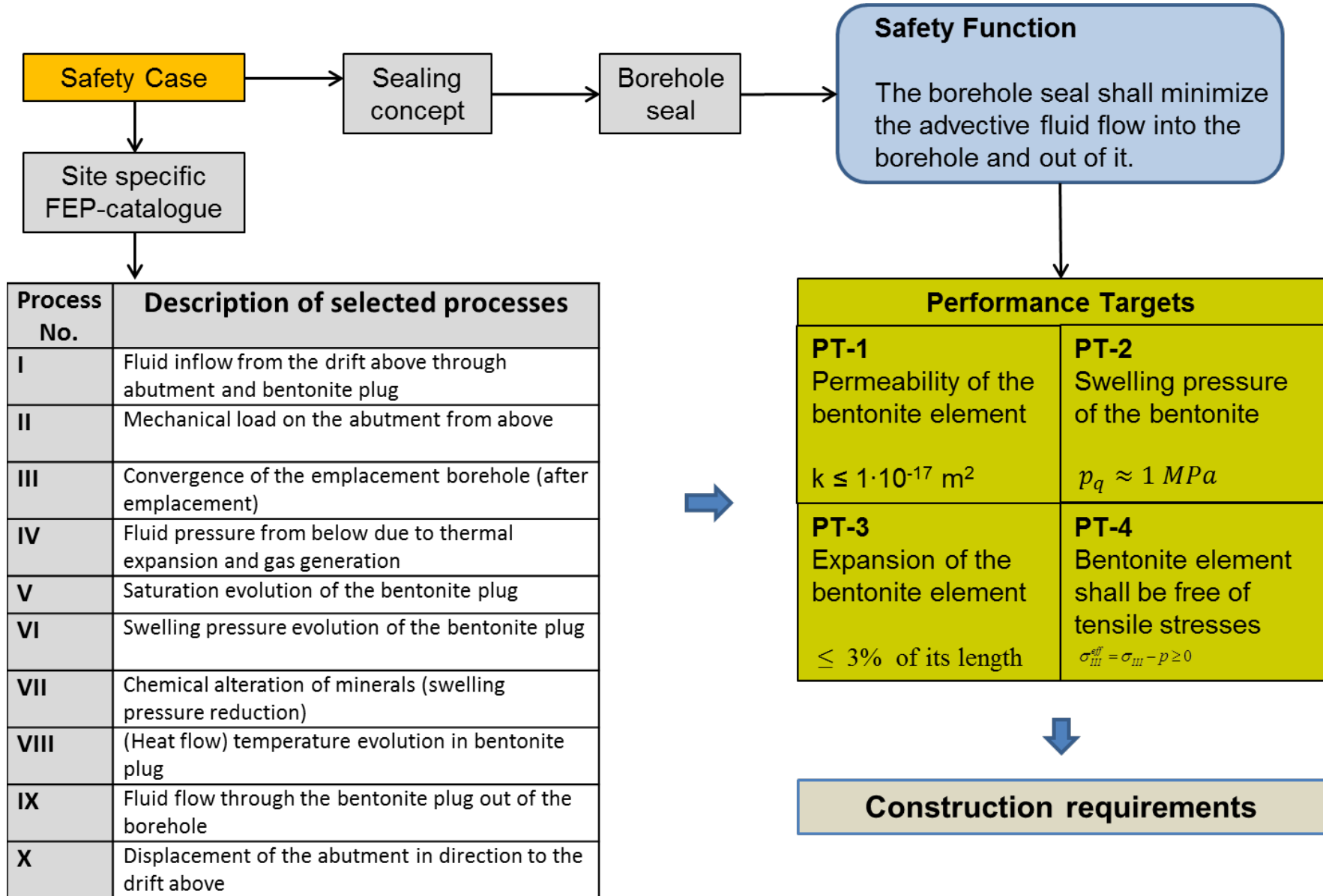


A = Abutment
B = Bentonite



- Emplacement borehole (EB)
- Monitoring borehole (MB)
- Dummy borehole (DB)
- Sacrificial borehole (SB)

- Seal
- Air lock
- Wall
- Monitoring-section

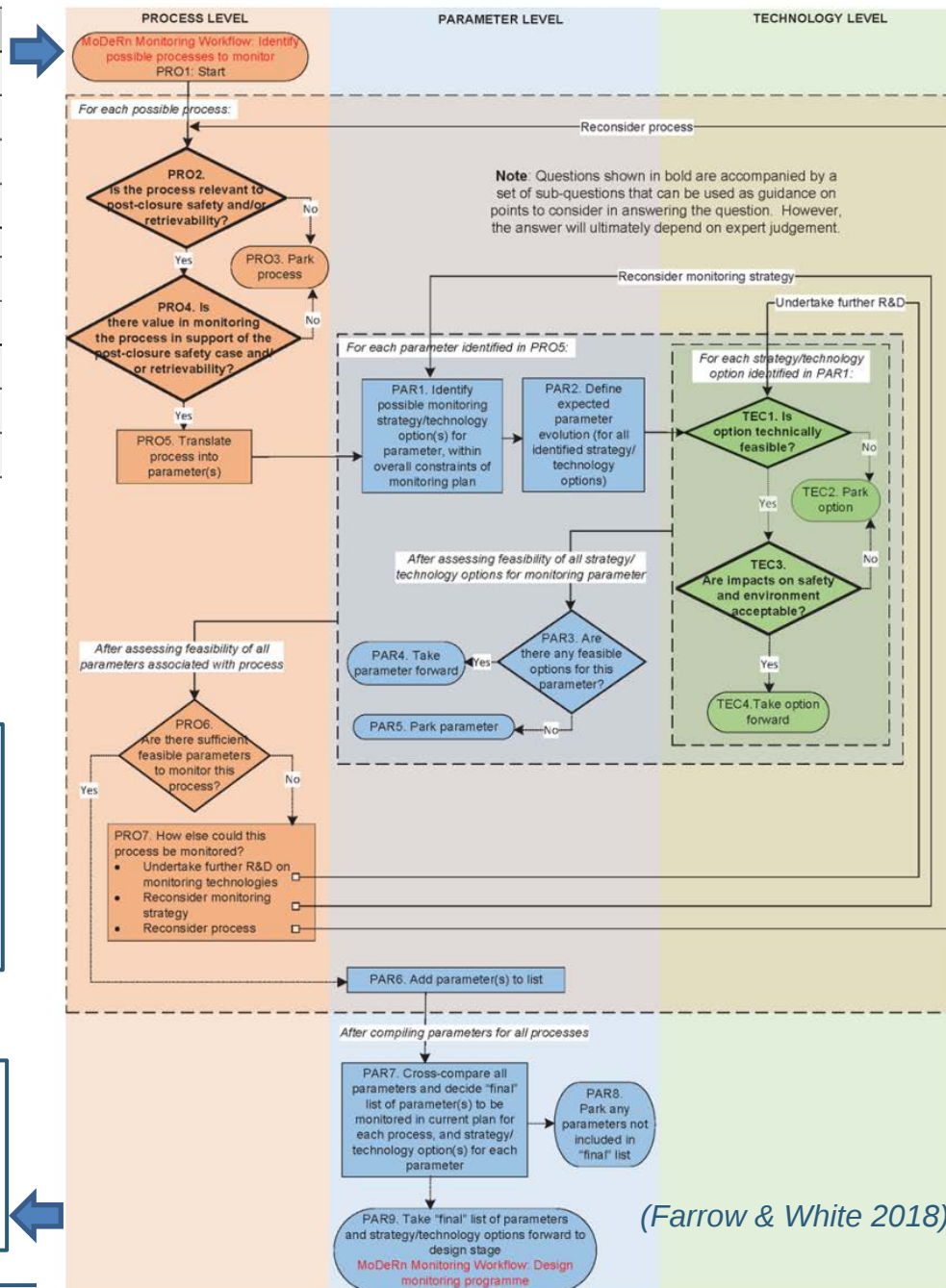


Screening Methodology

Screening example for borehole seal monitoring is illustrated on

Poster

Process No.	Description of selected processes
I	Fluid inflow from the drift above through abutment and bentonite plug
II	Mechanical load on the abutment from above
III	Convergence of the emplacement borehole (after emplacement)
IV	Fluid pressure from below due to thermal expansion and gas generation
V	Saturation evolution of the bentonite plug
VI	Swelling pressure evolution of the bentonite plug
VII	Chemical alteration of minerals (swelling pressure reduction)
VIII	(Heat flow) temperature evolution in bentonite plug
IX	Fluid flow through the bentonite plug out of the borehole
X	Displacement of the abutment in direction to the drift above

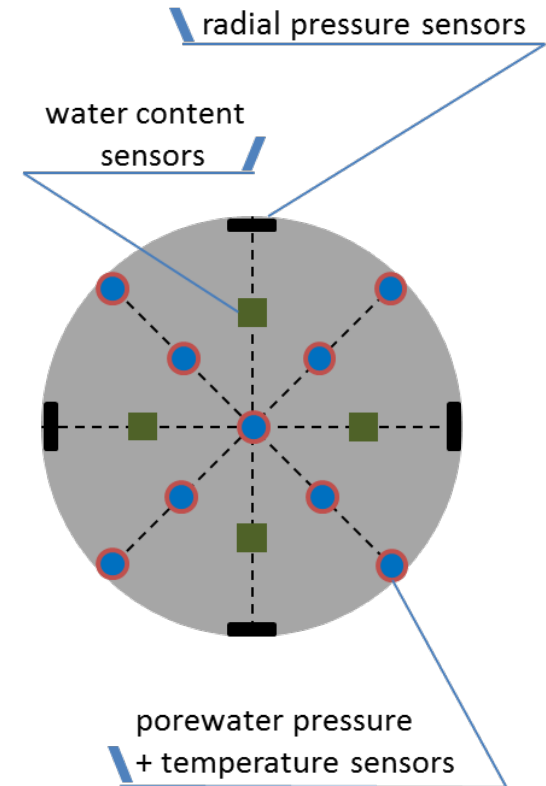
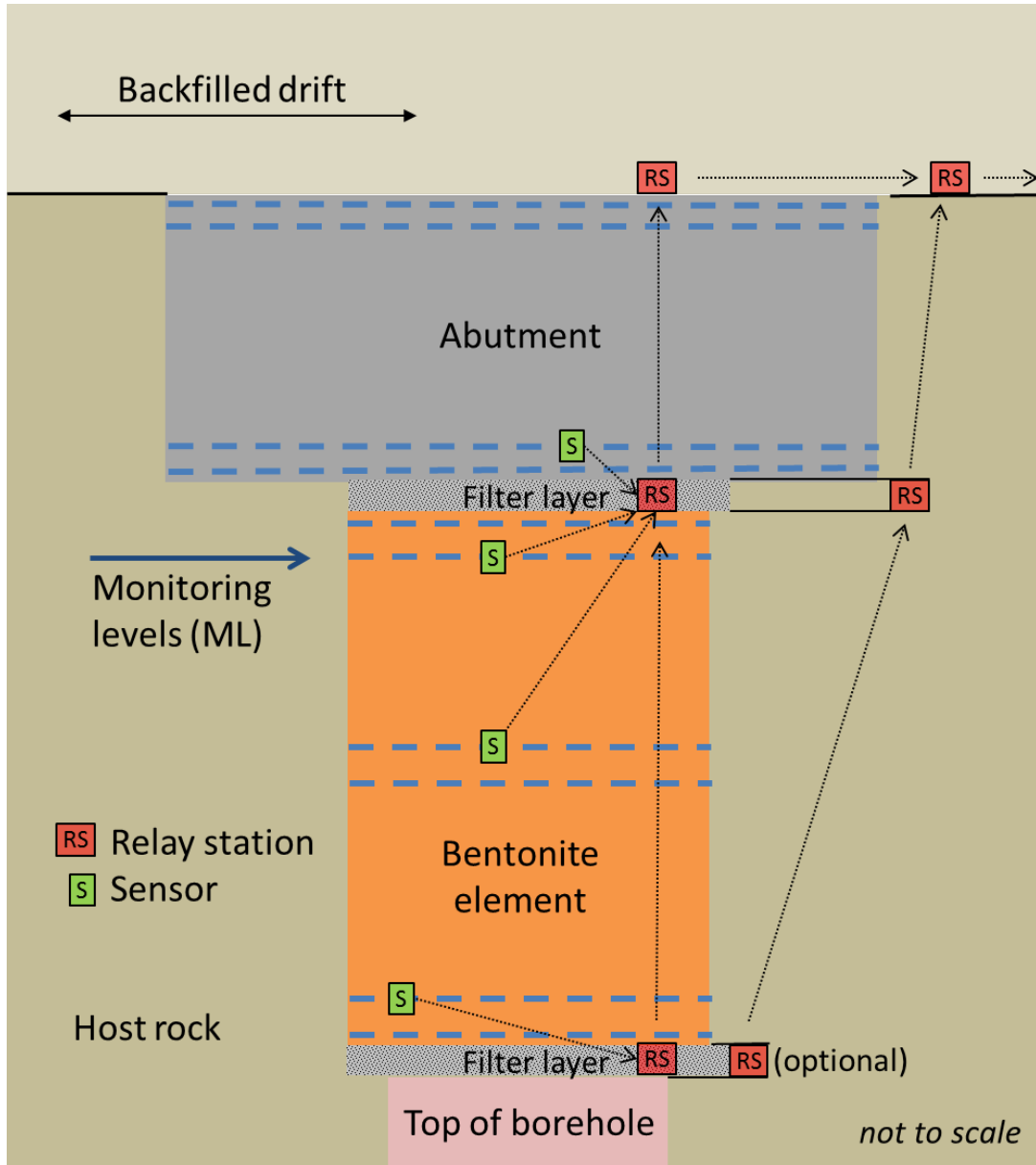


(Farrow & White 2018)

Monitoring concept for borehole seal

Parameters worth monitoring for PT evaluation

Monitoring Concept for Borehole Seal



Similar concepts for

- drift seals
- backfill
- sacrificial boreholes
- shaft seals (ongoing)

Test Phase

National Monitoring Body ?

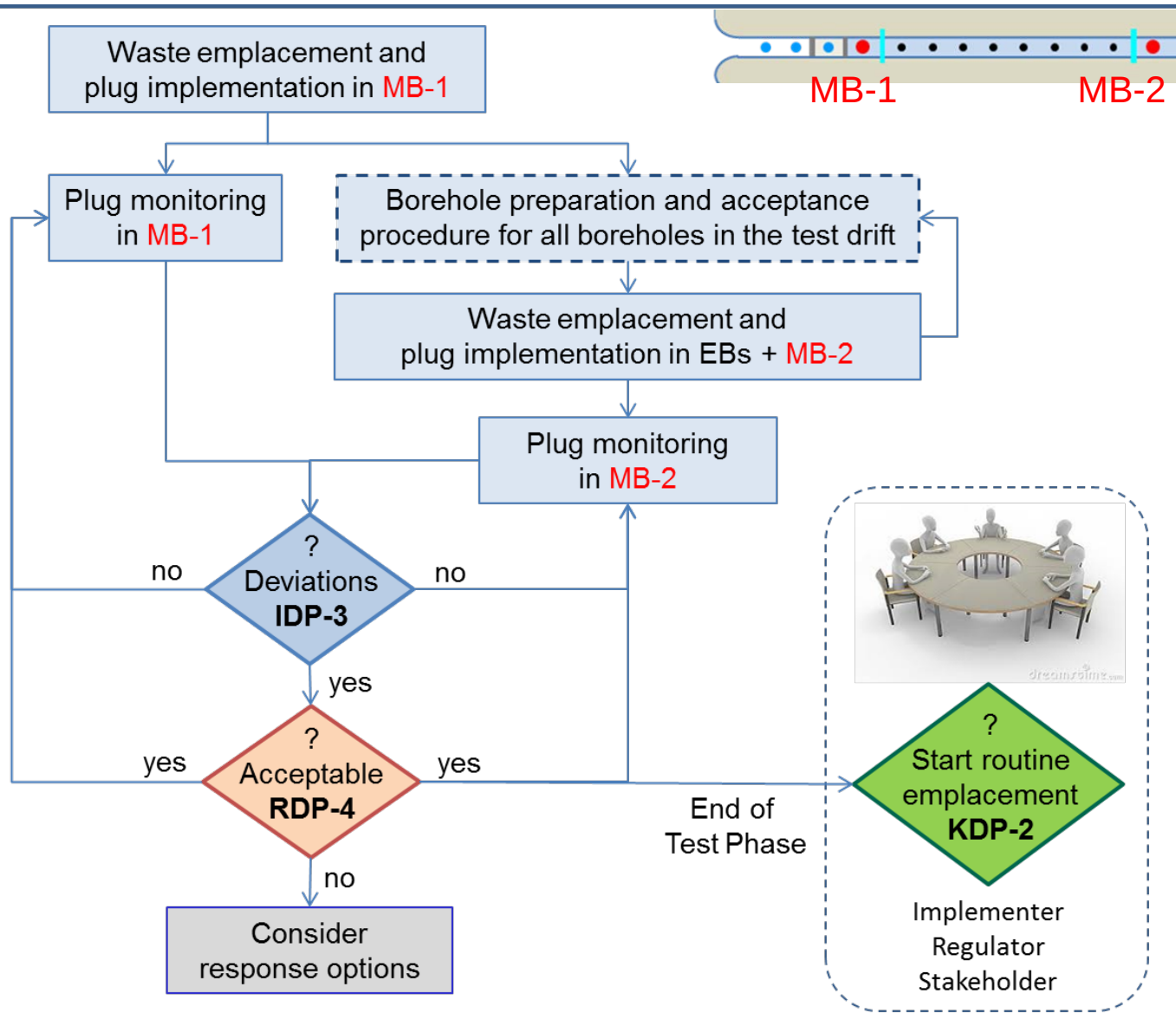
Idea:
In case of non-agreement

Stakeholder
Veto (justified)

The BMU will

- consider the veto-justification and
- potentially initiate an external expert appraisal.

Decision by the BMU

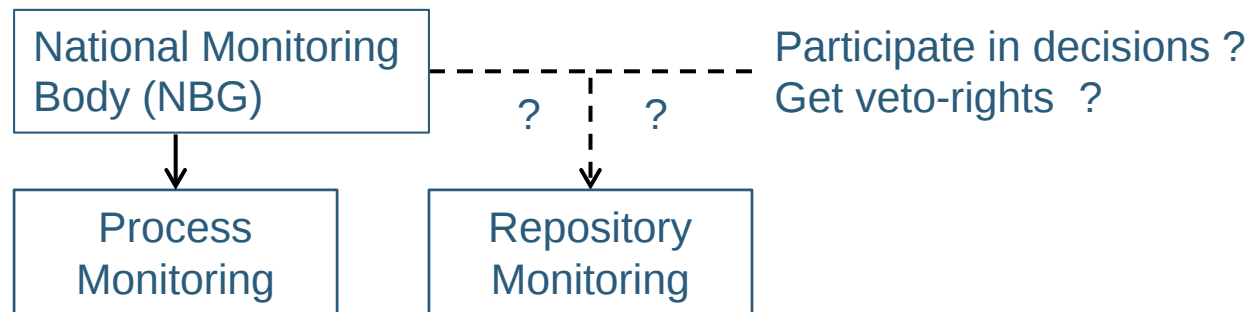


Decision points: **IDP** = Implementer / **RDP** = Regulator / **KDP** = Key

Conclusion

- I. Monitoring concept = Learning Concept
 - improvements of EBS components or the Monitoring components/concept
 - evaluation of the potentially added value of post-closure monitoring
- II. Preliminary technical concepts have been developed for EBS monitoring
- III. Monitoring results are intended to be used as
 - an input to repository programme decisions
 - a tool for providing transparency and participation

New player:

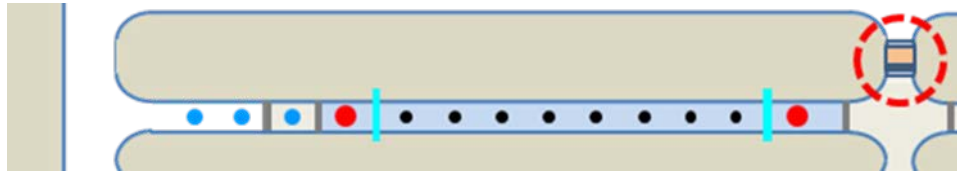


Many Thanks!

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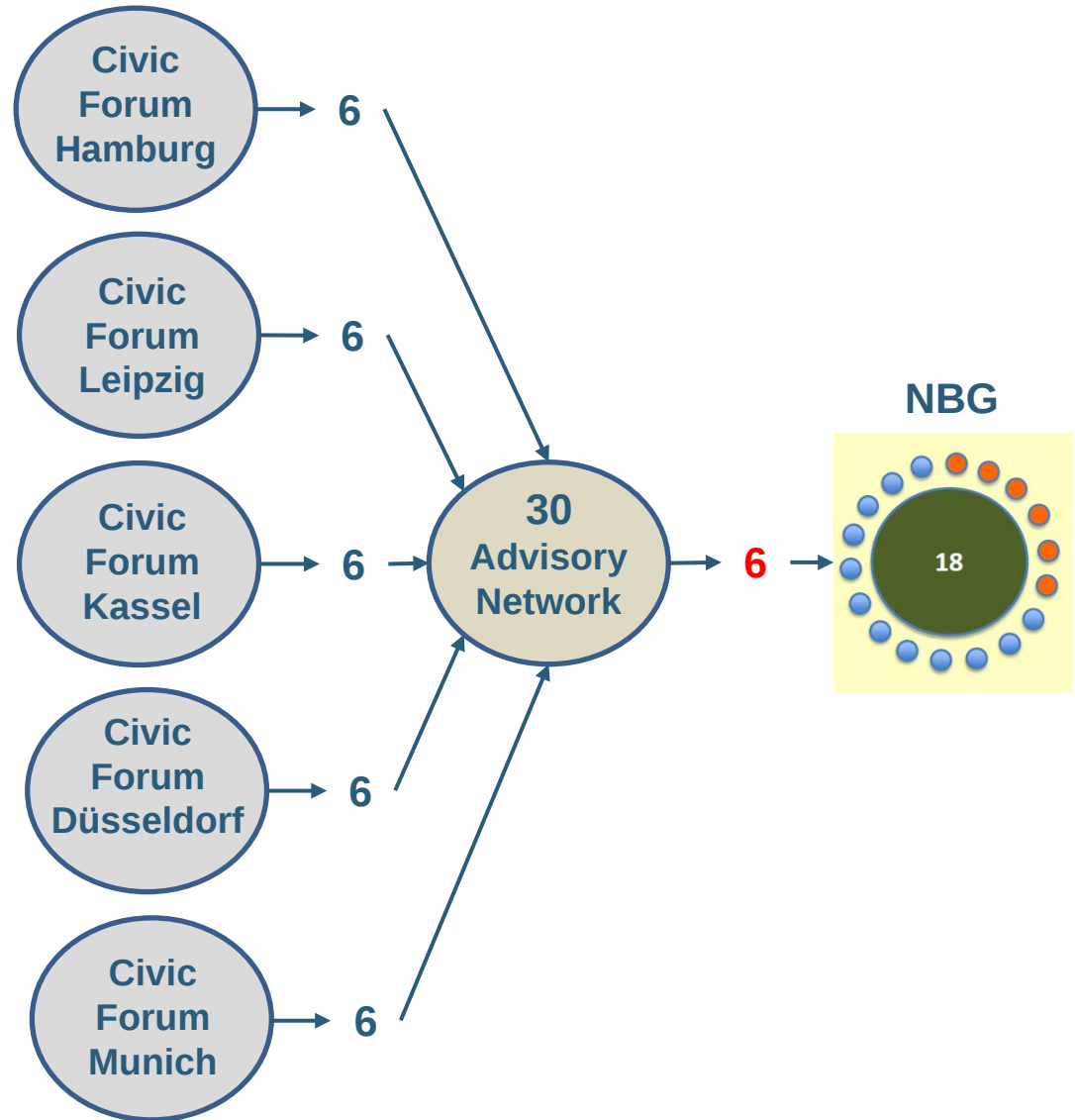


Backup-slides

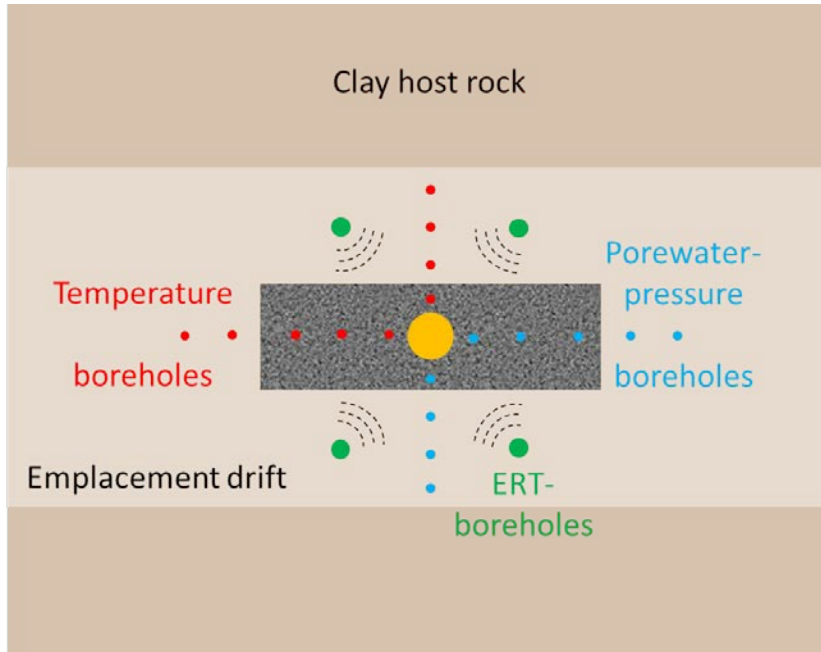
Election Procedure



69,000 Phone calls (by random)
120 People said yes
24 in each Civic Forum (5)

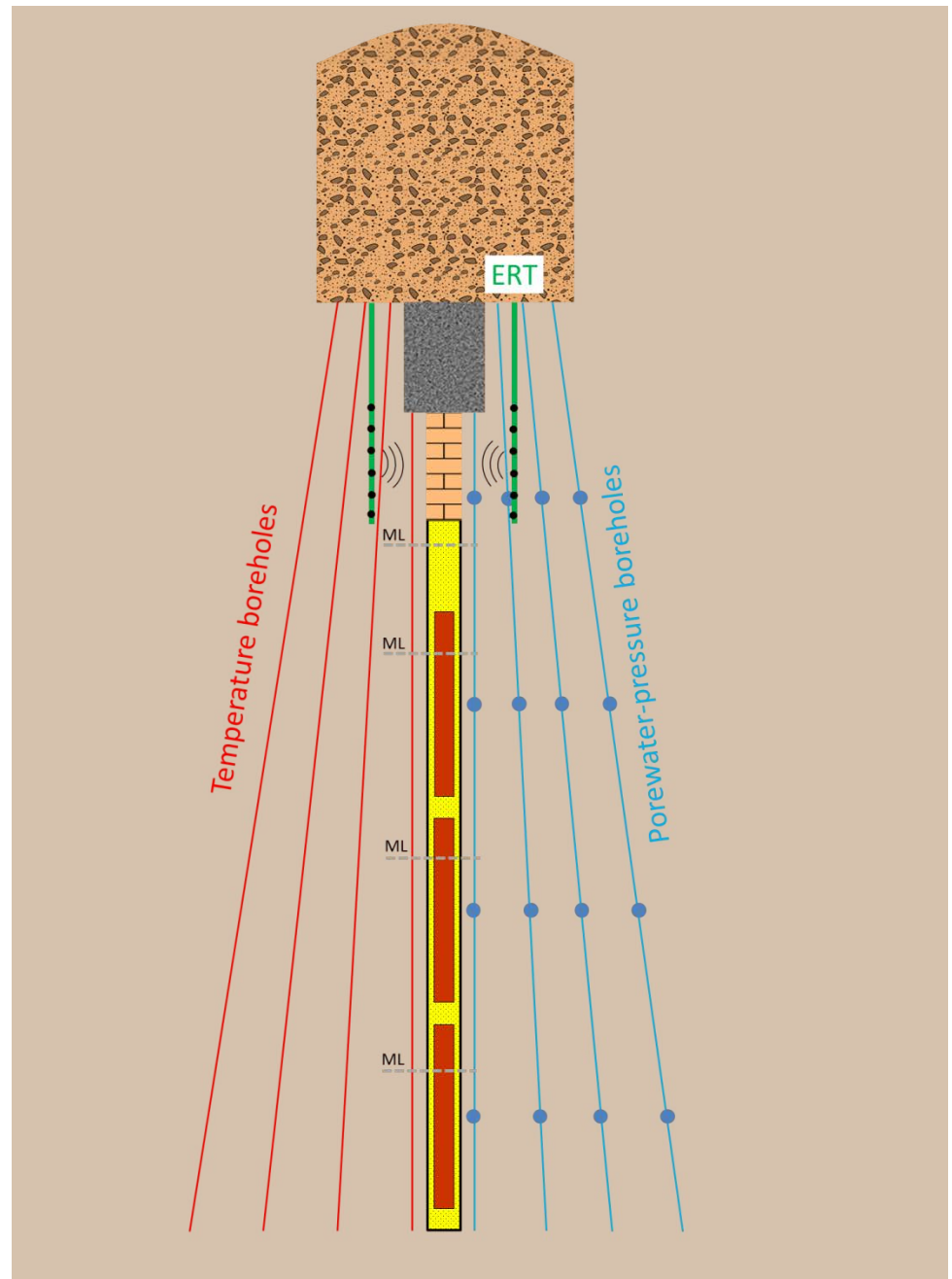


Monitoring Concept for Sacrificial Borehole



Top view

Vertical cross-section



Specific plug monitoring (Example)

Abutment monitoring
4 levels

ML-01
Top view

Vertical displacement sensors

Vertical pressure sensors

Emplacement
borehole $\varnothing$ 1.5 m

Backfill

Host rock

**Performance Target
PT-3**

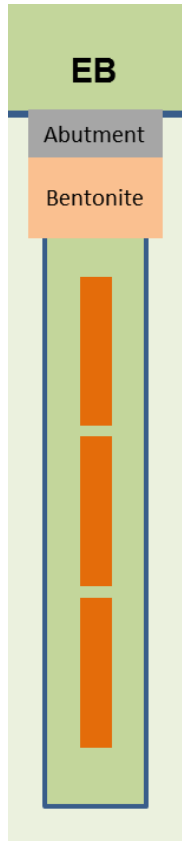
Expansion of the bentonite
element
 $\leq 3\%$
of bentonite element length

Concrete
abutment

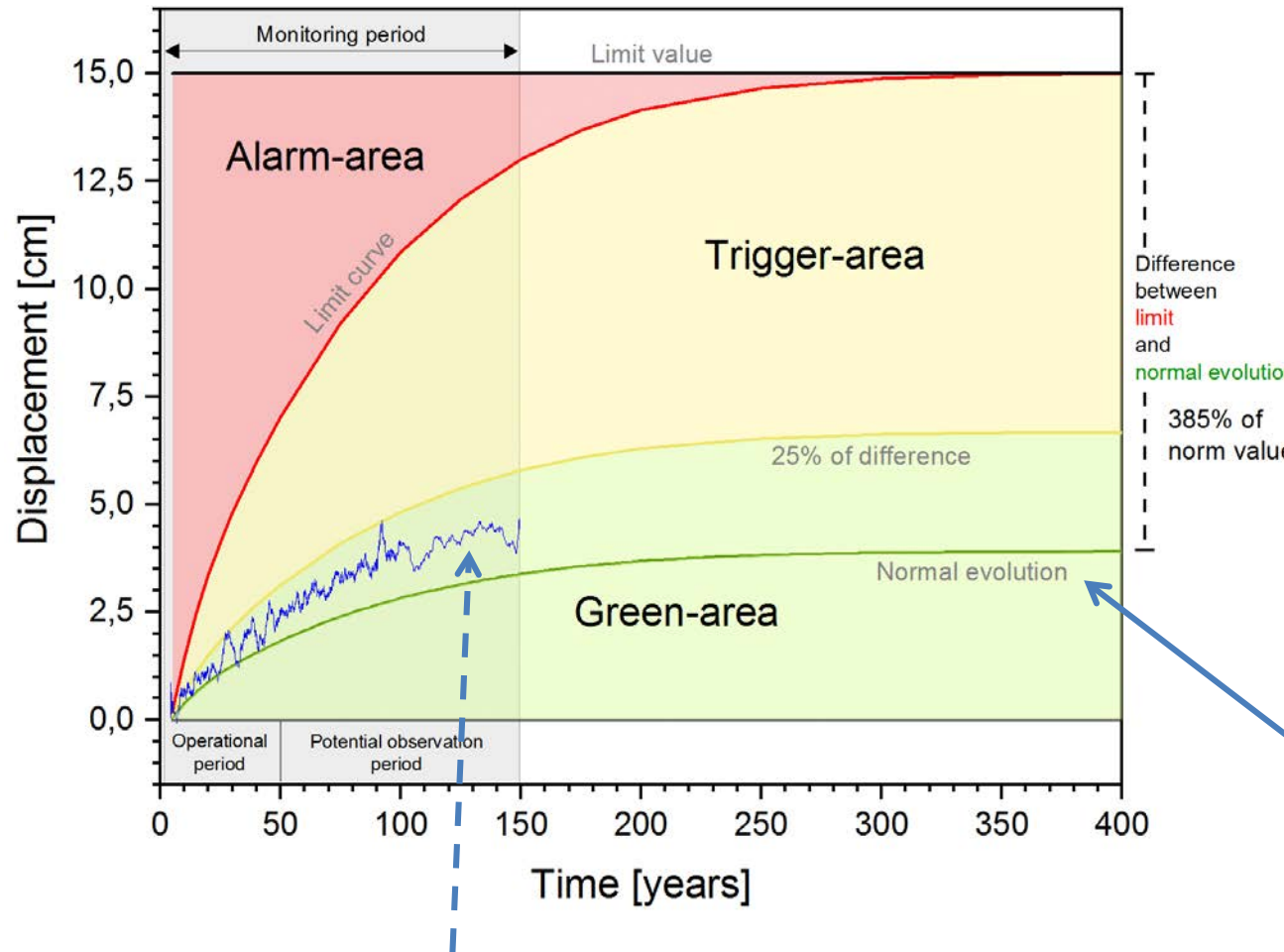
Filter layer

Top of bentonite plug

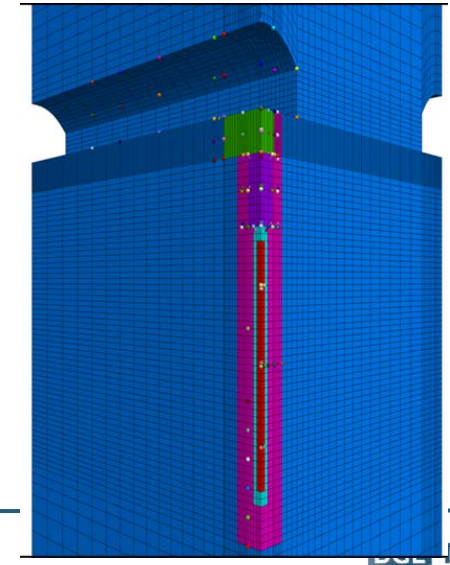
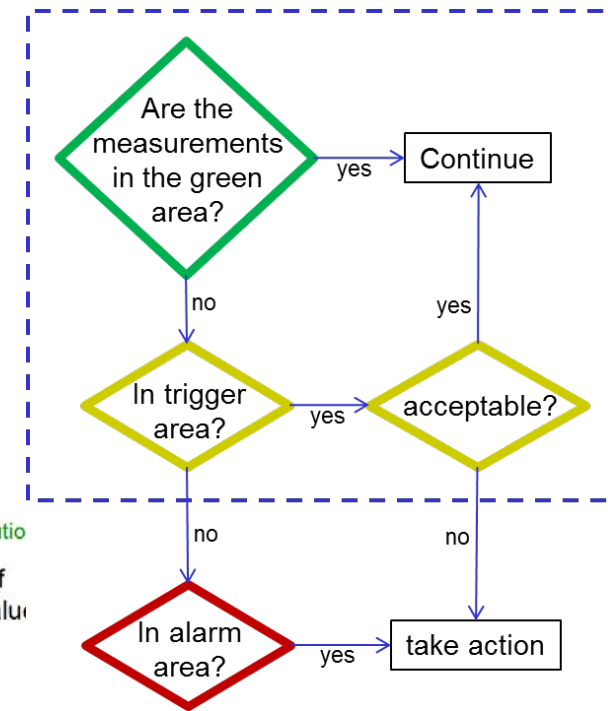
Example from German test case in MODERN2020



Decision based on specific monitoring results



Mean curve of the 4 displacement sensors



Example from German test case report

Response plan (Example)

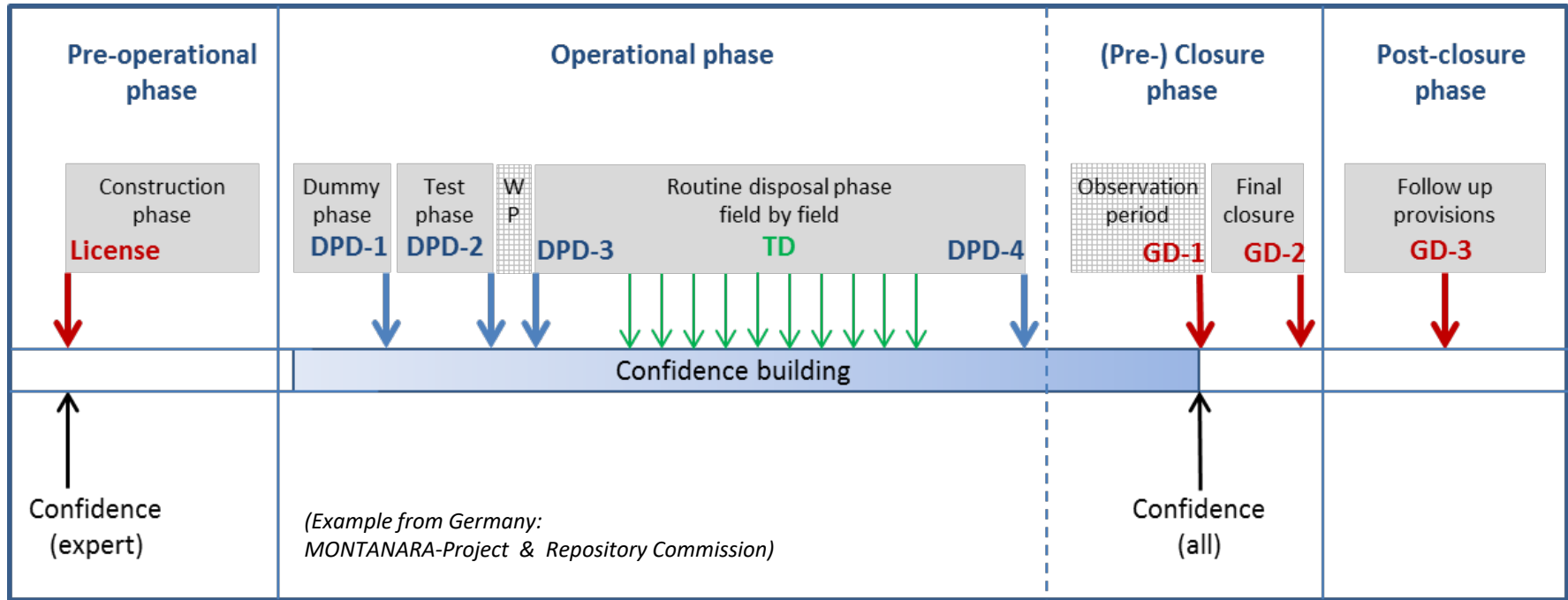
Continue monitoring until decision for termination is made

As part of the root cause analysis

Perform predictive calculations to analyse whether the performance target can still be met or if the limit curve will probably be exceeded

Decide to re-open, analyse, and re-build the monitored plug or parts of it

Green area	
Continue monitoring until decision for termination is made	
Check results (DBs, TBs) on a regular basis (e.g. 1/month)	
Report results to regulator on a regular basis (e.g. half-yearly)	
Record/document results in a specific monitoring data base (raw data, processed/qualified data, way of processing/qualifying, etc.)	
Trigger area	
1 General	Report the arrival at the trigger area to regulator at its first occurrence (even if only 1 sensor is involved)
	Potentially decide to interrupt disposal operation
	Continue monitoring
2a Monitoring system behaviour	Consider sensing system failure and check sensing system seriously
	Consider sensor(s) recalibration if possible
	Consider signal correction if possible
2b LL (Lessons Learned)	Consider to exchange sensor(s); depends on time of failure occurrence
	Consider to improve sensors of the same type to be installed at following monitoring boreholes or use other sensor types
Consider to use the <i>dummy area</i> for tests	
Trigger area	
3a Plug behaviour	Perform model analyses of deviating results
	Identify input parameter configuration leading to the deviating curve
	Perform predictive calculations to analyse whether the performance target can still be met or if the limit curve will probably be exceeded
	PT can be met: decide to accept deviation or to take action anyway (may depend on the course of the curve)
	Limit curve will probably be exceeded: decide on action to be taken
3b LL	Potentially decide to re-open, analyse, and re-build the monitored plug (or part of this plug; depending on the time that has already passed); includes re-opening of the drift
	Depending on the re-opening analysis other - not monitored - plugs may be re-opened and re-build as well (depending on the time that has already passed)
	Check whether there are hints indicating that deviations are due to monitoring system induced weakening of the barrier performance !
	Consider to improve plug design and material for following boreholes
	Consider whether installation improvements of plug components are necessary for future installations in following boreholes (may include QC improvements)
Consider to use the <i>dummy area</i> to perform further tests	
Alarm area	
1 General	Stop disposal operation
	Report the arrival at the alarm area to regulator
	Continue monitoring until decision for termination is made
2 Plug behaviour	Perform additional model analysis to check whether there is a chance that the curve goes back into the trigger area
	Decide whether to wait and see or to take action
	Decide to re-open, analyse, and re-build the monitored plug or parts of it; includes re-opening of the drift
3 LL	Depending on the re-opening analysis other - not monitored - plugs may be re-opened and re-build as well
	Improve the complete plug design
	Improve installation procedures (and QC)
	Consider to use the <i>dummy area</i> to perform further tests
Consider to change the disposal concept (e.g. reduce the amount of heat release); decide whether to retrieve the waste from already filled boreholes (max. 10 boreholes in test phase) or leave them as they are (new safety assessment). And just change the concept for new boreholes. May include a second test phase.	



License

DPD-1 = Disposal Programme Decision

DPD-2 = Disposal Programme Decision

DPD-3 = Disposal Programme Decision

TD = Technical Decisions (multiple)

DPD-4 = Disposal Programme Decision

GD-1 = Governance Decision

GD-2 = Governance Decision

GD-3 = Governance Decision

- start construction
- end of dummy phase / start of test phase ?
- include waiting period (WP) ?
- start routine waste disposal ?
- seal emplacement fields ? / use response plan ?
- include observation period ?
- end of observation / start final closure ?
- post-closure monitoring ?
- end monitoring ?